## Michigan Recreation Site Ash Survey Lower Peninsula of Michigan Atlas

May 2009

Michael D. Hyslop and Andrew J. Storer Maps prepared by Nicholas D. Windmuller and Michael D. Hyslop Center for Exotic Species Michigan Technological University

Data collected by John C. Witter and Katie Windfeldt University of Michigan School of Natural Resources & Environment

### **Table of Contents**

#### **Background Information**

#### Maps

Survey Locations Presence of EAB at Survey Sites Presence of Black Ash at Survey Sites Presence of Green Ash at Survey Sites Presence of White Ash at Survey Sites Crown Dieback of All Ash at Survey Sites Diameter at Breast Height (DBH) of All Ash at Survey Sites Vigor of All Ash at Survey Sites

#### **Background Information**

The maps in this atlas were produced from data collected during 2003 and 2004. A survey of recreation sites in Michigan's Lower Peninsula was performed to determine the extent and health of the ash resource in parks, campgrounds, rest areas, and other sites. Much of this fieldwork was preliminary site selection for plots that became part of the Michigan Ash Monitoring Plot System.

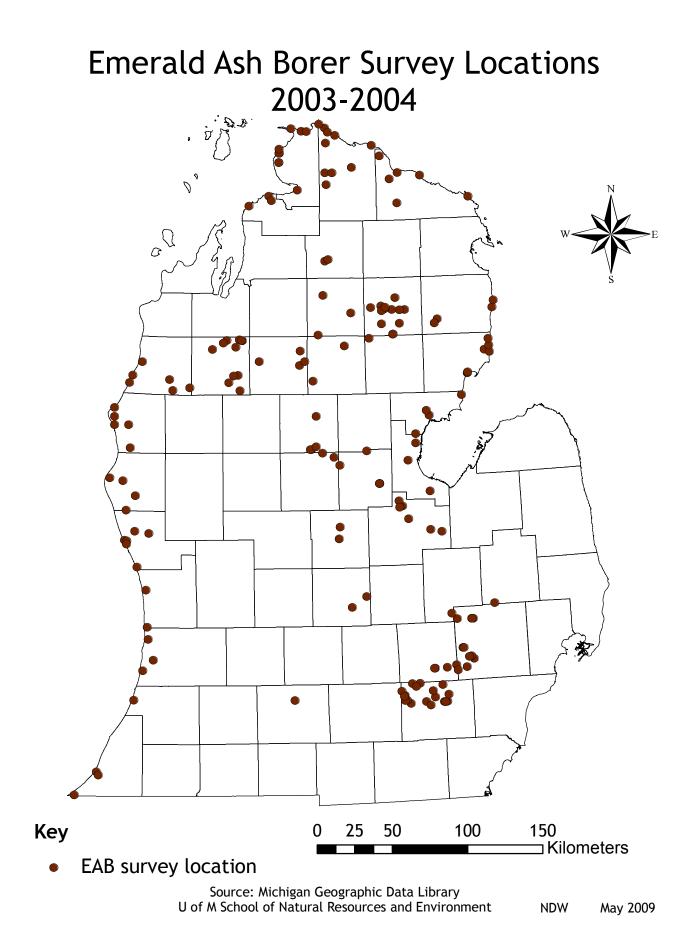
The maps show tree level measurements for the three widely-distributed *Fraxinus* (ash) species found in Michigan: black ash (*Fraxinus nigra*), green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), and white ash (*Fraxinus americana L*).

Maps include survey locations; plots with each of the three ash species present; and mean values for each plot (all ash species aggregated) showing percent crown dieback, diameter at breast height (DBH), and tree vigor.

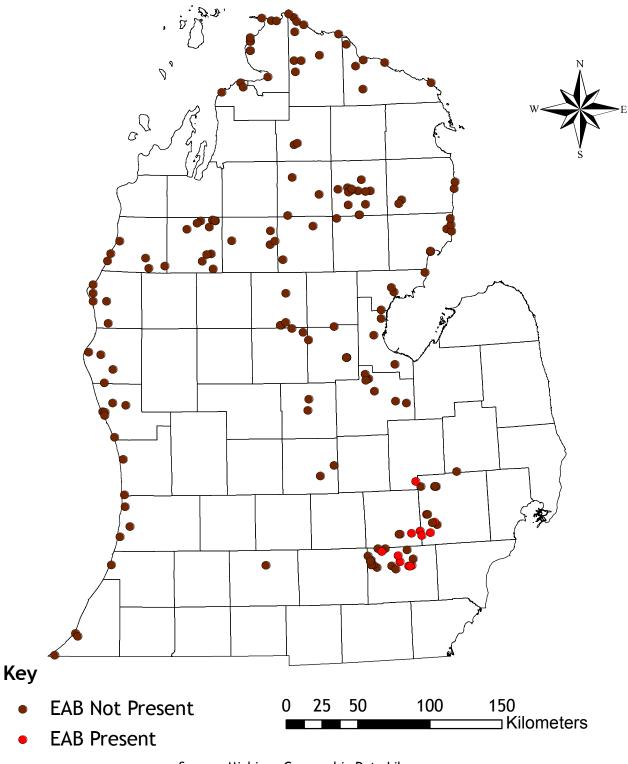
**Crown dieback** is indicated by the percent of dead branch tips found in the upper portion and outer edges of the live crown. A large amount of dieback is an indication that the tree is under stress.

**Diameter at breast height** (DBH) is the diameter of the tree in centimeters measured at 1.37 meters (4.5 feet) above the ground.

**Tree vigor** is a rating of the overall health of a tree. Values range from 1 to 8, depending on the amount of dead wood in the crown. A ranking of 1 would indicate a healthy, vigorous tree; a value of 5 indicates a crown more than half dead; and values of 6-8 indicate a dead tree in various stages of decay.

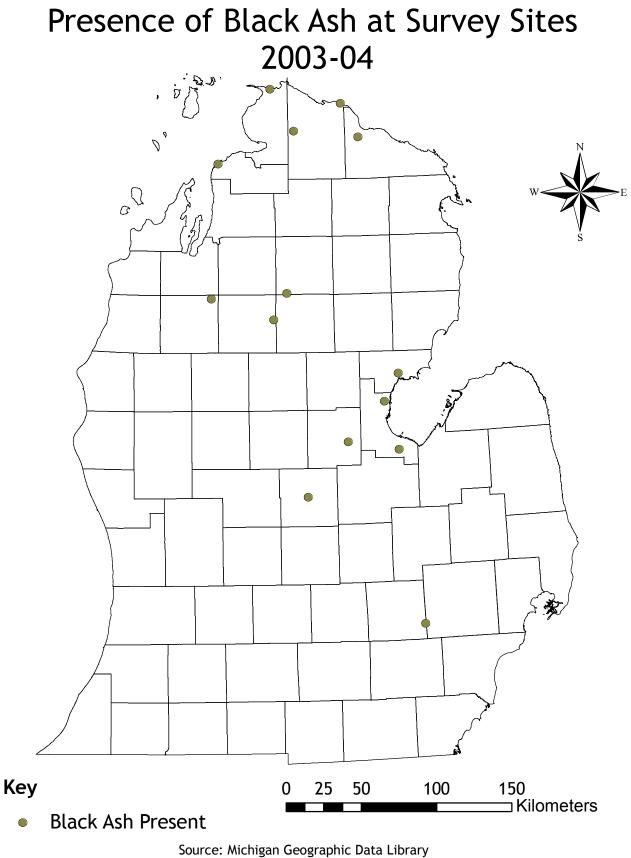


## Presence of Emerald Ash Borer at 2003-2004 Survey Sites

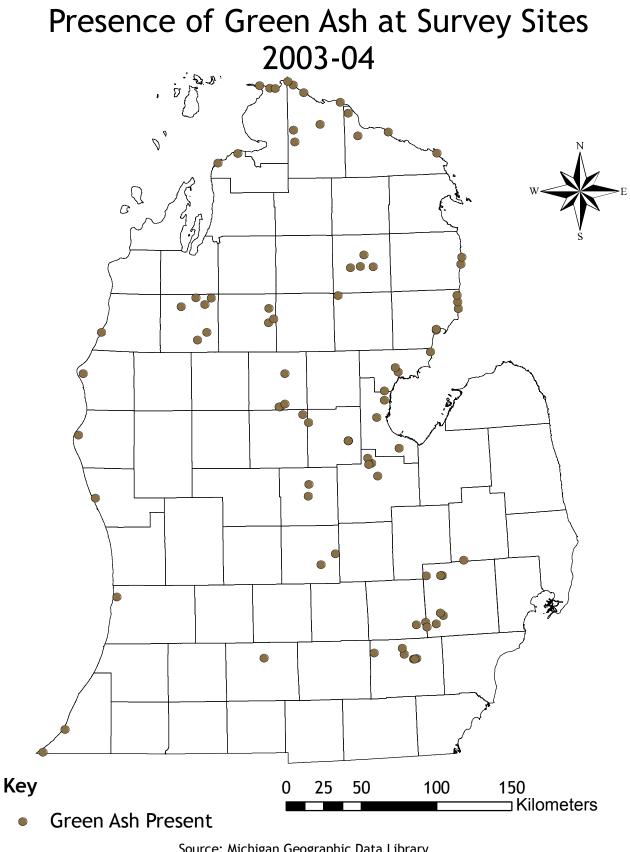


Source: Michigan Geographic Data Library U of M School of Natural Resources and Environment NDW

V May 2009

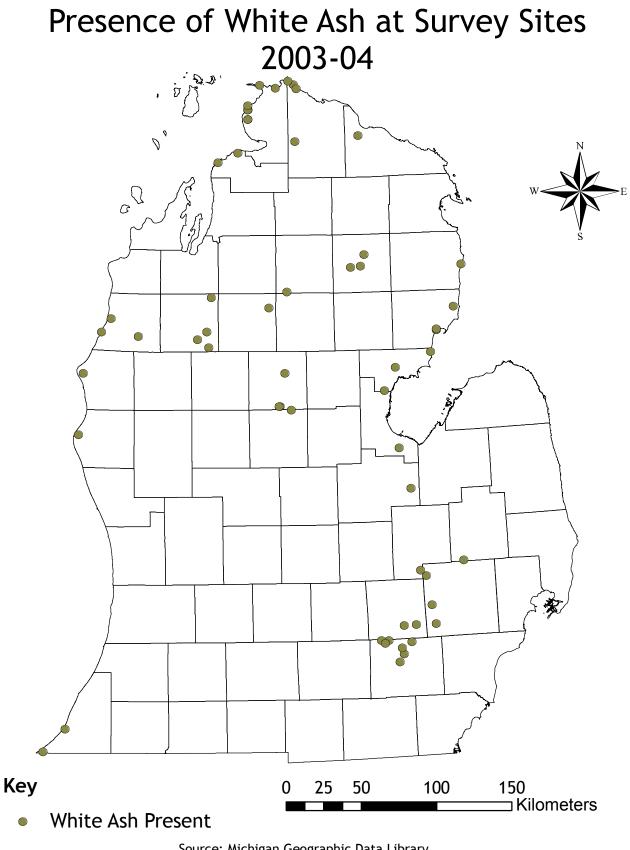


U of M School of Natural Resources and Environment NDW May 2009



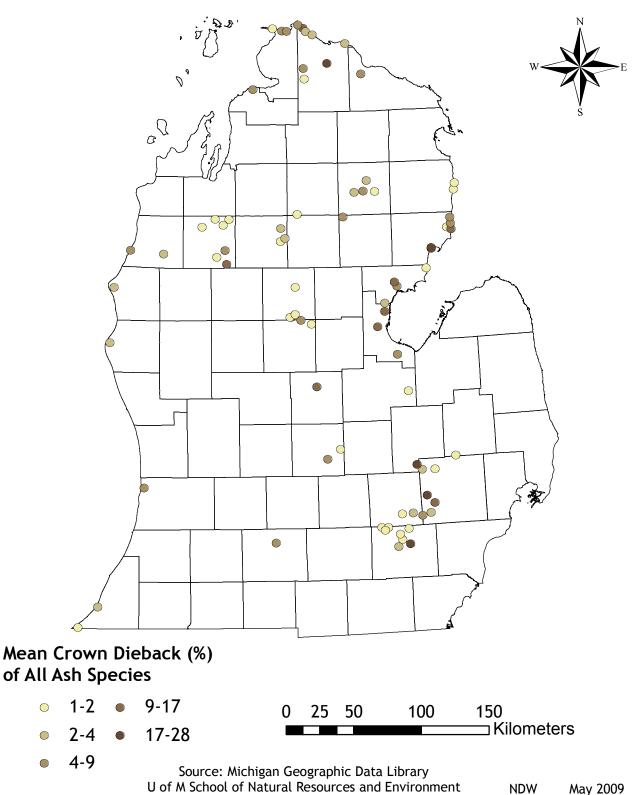
Source: Michigan Geographic Data Library U of M School of Natural Resources and Environment NDW

May 2009

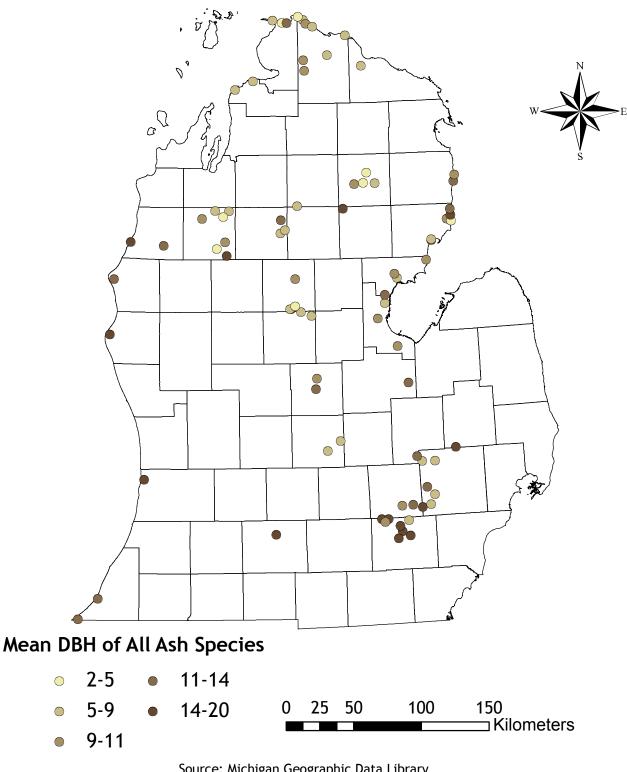


Source: Michigan Geographic Data Library U of M School of Natural Resources and Environment NDW May 2009

## Crown Dieback of All Ash Species at Survey Sites, 2003-04



## Diameter at Breast Height of All Ash Species at Survey Sites, 2003-04



Source: Michigan Geographic Data Library U of M School of Natural Resources and Environment

NDW May 2009

# Vigor of All Ash Species at Survey Sites 2003-04

